To: 
Executive Vice-President Timmermans 
Commissioner Simson

CC: 
Head of Cabinet Samson 
Head of Cabinet Grassi 
Director-General Juul Jorgensen

20 May, 2021

Dear Executive Vice-President Timmermans and Commissioner Simson

The need for an EU-wide renewable risk mitigation scheme in the Renewable Energy Directive

We call on you to establish an EU-wide renewable risk mitigation schemes to de-risk private sector investment in capital-intensive renewable energy solutions in the Renewable Energy Directive.

Member States are obliged to reduce the capital cost of renewable energy technologies under Article 3.5(1) of the Renewable Energy Directive. De-risking capital intensive renewable heating, cooling and electricity projects is the most optimal solution. At present, capital cost risks are a barrier to significant investment in our technologies across the EU.

The advantages of a self-replenishing European risk mitigation scheme are many:

- The economies of scale from combining our technologies into a single scheme and empowering project developers across the Union substantially reduces transaction costs. This significantly lowers capital and total projects costs to the benefit of end consumers, investors and public authorities. De-risking investment into concentrated solar power (CSP) in North Africa, with similar conditions in Southern Europe, could lead to a 39% reduction in the mean LCOE from CSP and reduce financing costs by almost one third. Risk assessment analysis on solar heat for industrial processes (SHIP) in different locations indicates that weighted average cost of capital (WACC) can be reduced by 2.9 percentage points on average through risk mitigation measures.

- It unshackles investments can be made anywhere in the EU rather than just in the Member States that provide this coverage. It allows for much greater sums of private capital leverage. An EU scheme is expected to leverage greater volumes and deliver larger socio-economic benefits across the Single Market. For example, the French risk mitigation scheme for geothermal was able to leverage €42 of private capital for every €1 contributed. Furthermore, a risk guarantee scheme would enable the EU to fully meet its 2025 ocean energy deployment target providing renewable electricity for 100,000 households, saving 231 000 tCO$_2$ per year and adding hundreds of high-quality jobs.

- A self-replenishing fund would be continually maintained by fees from projects once they are operational.

We look forward to your support and remain at your disposal should you require additional information.

Your sincerely

Philippe Dumas, Secretary General, European Geothermal Energy Council
Pierre Cheyron, Managing Director Global Business Unit Energy Solutions, Engie
Greg Arrowsmith, Secretary General, European Renewable Energy Research Centres (EUREC)
Anna Dubowik, Secretary General, Negative Emissions Platform
Paul Doucette, Energy Transition Executive & General Manager, Baker Hughes
Claire Roumet, Director, Energy Cities
Remi Gruet, Secretary General, Ocean Energy Europe
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